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AT the Court at *St. James's*, the 28th Day of *Auguſt*, 1767,

PRESENT,

The KING's moſt Excellent Majeſty in Council.

WHEREAS by an Act paſſed in the laſt Seſſion of Parliament, intitled, "An Act for allowing the Importation of Oats and Oat-meal, "Rye and Rye-meal, into this Kingdom for "a limited Time, free of Duty;" it is Enacted, That it ſhall and may be lawful to and for any Perſon or Perſons whatſoever, to import into this Kingdom, in any Ship or Veſſel whatſoever, at any Time or Times before the Twenty-ninth Day of September, One thouſand ſeven hundred and ſixty-ſeven, any Oats or Oatmeal, Rye or Ryemeal, without the Payment of any Subſidy, Cuſtom Duty, or Impoſition whatſoever, in the Manner therein mentioned. And whereas by ſeveral other Acts paſſed in the ſaid Seſſion of Parliament, the free Importation into this Kingdom of Wheat or Wheat Flour, Barley, Barley-meal, Peas, Beans, Tares, or Callivancies, Malt, Bread, Biſcuit, and Starch, from any Part of Europe, by any Perſon or Perſons, in any Ship or Veſſel whatſoever, is permitted until the Tenth Day of September, One thouſand ſeven hundred and ſixty-ſeven. —— And whereas by another Act paſſed in the ſaid Seſſion of Parliament, intitled, "An Act for granting to His Ma-"jeſty a certain Sum of Money out of the "Sinking Fund, and for applying certain "Monies therein mentioned, for the Service of "the Year One Thouſand Seven Hundred and "Sixty-ſeven; and for further appropriating the "Supplies granted in this Seſſion of Parliament; "for carrying to the Aggregate Fund a Sum of "Money which hath ariſen by the Two-ſevenths "Exciſe; for empowering His Majeſty, with "the Advice of His Privy Council, to permit "the Importation of any Sort of Corn or Grain, "Duty Free, into this Kingdom, for a longer "Time than is permitted by any Act of this "Seſſion of Parliament; and for obviating "Doubts, in relation to the Meeting of Com-"miſſioners for putting in Execution an Act of "this Seſſion for granting an Aid to His Ma-"jeſty by a Land Tax;" — After reciting the ſaid former Acts, and that it might be expedient, during the Receſs of Parliament, to permit the Free Importation of the ſaid Articles mentioned in the ſaid ſeveral Acts, into this Kingdom, beyond the Time limited by the ſaid Acts for the Free Importation thereof; It is enacted, amongſt other Things, That it ſhall and may be lawful to and for His Majeſty, from Time to Time, during the next Receſs of Parliament, (whenever it ſhall appear expedient to His Majeſty ſo to do) by His Royal Proclamation to be iſſued by and with the Advice of His Privy Council, or by His Order in Council to be publiſhed in the London Gazette, to permit the Free Importation of all or any the ſaid Articles and Things, from any Parts or Places in Europe, for any Time or Times until Twenty Days after the Commencement of the next Seſſion of Parliament: —— And whereas it appears to His Majeſty to be expedient at this Time, that the Free Importation of Oats or Oatmeal, Rye or Rye-meal, Wheat or Wheat Flour, Barley, Barley-meal, Peas, Beans, Tares, or Callivancies, Malt, Bread, Biſcuit, and Starch, from any Parts or Places in Europe, ſhould be further continued until Twenty Days after the Commencement of the next Seſſion of Parliament —— His Majeſty doth therefore hereby Order, by and with the Advice of His Privy Council, that the Free Importation into Great Britain of Oats or Oat-meal, Rye or Rye-meal, Wheat or Wheat Flour, Barley, Barley-meal, Peas, Beans, Tares, or Callivancies, Malt, Bread, Biſcuit, and Starch, be permitted from any Parts or Places in Europe, in any Ship or Veſſel whatſoever, from the Expiration of the reſpective Times limited by the ſaid Acts for the Free Importation thereof, until Twenty Days after the Commencement of the next Seſſion of Parliament, under the Regulations and in the Manner mentioned and contained

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tained in the ſaid recited Acts---Of which all Perſons concerned are hereby required to take Notice and govern themſelves accordingly.

W. Blair.

AT the Court at *St. James*'s, the 28th Day of *Auguſt*, 1767,

PRESENT,

The KING's moſt Excellent Majeſty in Council.

WHereas by an Act paſſed in the laſt Seſſion of Parliament, intitled, "An "Act to prohibit, for a limited Time, the Ex- "portation of Corn, Grain, Meal, Malt, Flour, "Bread, Biſcuit, and Starch; and alſo the Ex- "traction of Low Wines and Spirits from Wheat "and Wheat Flour;" It is enacted, amongſt other Things, That no Perſon or Perſons whatſoever ſhall, directly or indirectly, export, tranſport, carry, or convey, or cauſe or procure to be exported, tranſported, carried, or conveyed, out of or from the Kingdoms of Great Britain or Ireland, or load or lay on Board, or cauſe or procure to be laden or laid on Board, in any Ship, or other Veſſel or Boat, in order to be exported or carried out of the ſaid Kingdoms of Great Britain or Ireland, with ſuch Exceptions and Qualifications as are therein mentioned, any Sort of Corn, Grain, Meal, Malt, Flour, Bread, Biſcuit, or Starch, under the Penalties and Forfeitures in the ſaid Act mentioned, until the Tenth Day of September, One thouſand ſeven hundred and ſixty-ſeven.——And whereas by the ſaid Act His Majeſty is authorized and impowered, by His Royal Proclamation to be iſſued by and with the Advice of His Privy Council, or by His Order in Council to be publiſhed in the London Gazette, from Time to Time after the ſaid Tenth Day of September, One thouſand ſeven hundred and ſixty-ſeven, and before the next Seſſion of Parliament, if the ſame ſhould appear expedient to His Majeſty, to prohibit the Exportation of all or any of the ſaid Commodities for any Time or Times until Twenty Days after the Commencement of the next Seſſion of Parliament; ſuch Prohibition not to extend to ſuch or ſo much of the ſaid Commodities as are allowed by the ſaid Act to be exported, under certain Rules and Regulations, to the Places and for the Purpoſes therein mentioned.——And whereas it appears to His Majeſty to be expedient at this Time that the ſaid Prohibition ſhould be further continued until Twenty Days after the Commencement of the next Seſſion of Parliament——His Majeſty doth therefore hereby order, by and with the Advice of His Privy Council, That no Perſon or Perſons whatſoever ſhall, directly or indirectly, export, tranſport, carry, or convey, or cauſe or procure to be exported, tranſported, carried, or conveyed, out of or from the ſaid Kingdoms of Great Britain or Ireland, or load or lay on Board, or cauſe or procure to be laden or laid on Board, in any Ship, or other Veſſel or Boat, in order to be exported or carried out of the ſaid Kingdoms of Great Britain or Ireland, any Sort of Corn, Grain, Meal, Malt, Flour, Bread, Biſcuit, or Starch, from and after the ſaid Tenth Day of September, One thouſand ſeven hundred and ſixty-ſeven, until Twenty Days after the Commencement of the next Seſſion of Parliament, under the Penalties and Forfeitures mentioned in the aforeſaid Act; except ſuch or ſo much of the ſaid Commodities as are allowed by the ſaid Act to be exported, under certain Rules and Regulations, to the Places and for the Purpoſes therein mentioned. —— Of which all Perſons concerned are hereby required to take Notice, and govern themſelves accordingly.

W. Blair.

Genoa, Auguſt 29. Yeſterday arrived two Spaniſh Frigates of War with a Convoy of nine Ships and one Polacca, having on board 560 Jeſuits expulſed from Spain: They came laſt from Hiace in Corſica; but there not being Room in that Town to receive them, the Corſicans occupying the Town, the Spaniſh Commodore brought them hither, as he was likewiſe in Want of Proviſions, having Bread left only for 48 Hours. Laſt Night a Courier was diſpatched to Madrid for Orders where they muſt be carried to, as the Towns belonging to the Republick in Corſica are filled with thoſe that are already landed; and another Veſſel is daily expected from Carthagena with about 50 more.

Letters from Calvi of the 25th ſay, that Hoſtilities were committed daily between the Republick's Troops in Garriſon and the Corſicans: That on the 24th a ſmart Skirmiſh happened; and that the Corſicans had been diſlodged from the Convent of St. Frances, which was almoſt deſtroyed by the Bomb ſhells and Cannon-ſhot fired from the Caſtle.

Vienna, Auguſt 29. On Monday laſt his Imperial Majeſty went to Snaym in Moravia, to ſee Marſhal Lacy's Regiment perform ſome new Manœuvres, and returned hither the ſame Day.

Turin, September 2. M. Giraud, Archbiſhop of Damaſcus, the Pope's Nuncio at the Court of Verſailles, is arrived here on his Way to that Court.

Copenhagen, September 5. An Ordonnance has been iſſued, impowering the Bailiffs in the different Diſtricts of the Daniſh Provinces, as well as the Dutchies of Sleſwick and Holſtein, to make an annual Levy of 580 Men, in order to recruit the Infantry with; the Repartition to be made according to the Number of Tons of Hart-Corn in each Diſtrict.

Colonel

Colonel de Sames has juſt been made Inſpector of the Infantry.

Their Daniſh Majeſties went Yeſterday to Friedensburg, where the Birth-Day of the Queen Julia Maria was celebrated.

Two Ruſſian armed Pincks now lie in this Road, in their Way from Archangel to Peterſburg.

Berlin, September 5. The King of Pruſſia has lately made a conſiderable Promotion in his Army.

Yeſterday the Queen of Pruſſia came from Schoenhauſen to Berlin, where it is ſaid ſhe will remain till after the Celebration of the Marriage of the Princeſs Wilhelmina.

His Pruſſian Majeſty is expected at Potzdam on Monday the 7th.

Dreſden, September 6. The two young Princes, Charles and Maximilian of Saxony, returned the Day before Yeſterday from the Baths of Lauchſtaed.

St. James's, September 12.

The King has been pleaſed to grant unto the Right Honourable William Lord Mansfield, Chief Juſtice of His Majeſty's Court of King's Bench, the Office of Chancellor of His Majeſty's Exchequer, in the Room of the Right Honourable Charles Townſhend, deceaſed.

General Poſt-Office, Auguſt 17, 1767.

Whereas Thomas Walſh, lately employed as a Letter Carrier in the General Poſt-Office, Dublin, ſtands charged on a violent Suſpicion of having been guilty of fraudulent Practices in the ſaid Office, on which Account he has abſconded.

The ſaid Thomas Walſh was born in Ireland, is about Nineteen or Twenty Years of Age, Five Feet Six Inches and a half high, ſmooth-faced, a little freckled, his Mouth large, and his Perſon well-made. He uſually wore a brown Bob Wig, with his Hair turned over it before, had on either a Claret-coloured Ratteen Coat, or a Pompadour, with a Waiſtcoat of the ſame much faded, and frequently wore Buſkins laced before.

This is therefore to give Notice, that whoever ſhall apprehend and convict, or cauſe to be apprehended and convicted, the ſaid Thomas Walſh, will be entitled to a Reward of Fifty Pounds, *to be paid at this Office.*

By Command of the Poſtmaſter General,

Hen. Potts, *Secretary.*

South Sea Houſe, September 14, 1767.

The Court of Directors of the South Sea Company give Notice, That the Tranſfer Books of Old South Sea Annuities will be ſhut on Monday the 28th Inſtant, at Two o'Clock, and opened on Friday the 30th of October next.

And that the Warrants for the Half-Year's Intereſt, due thereon the 10th of October next, will be paid on Tueſday the 10th and Wedneſday the 11th of November following; on which Days of Payment the ſaid Tranſfer Books will be ſhut.

The Commiſſioners of His Majeſty's Royal Hoſpital for Seamen at Greenwich *hereby give Notice, that at* Salters Hall *in London, on Wedneſday the 27th Day of January* 1768, *or as ſoon after as may be, the following Eſtates will be let on Leaſe for Twenty-one Years or under, to commence upon the 5th Day of April,* 1768; *(that is to ſay)* Heads and Lords Lands, *now in the Poſſeſſion of Edward Nicholſon, and a Garth, now or late in the Poſſeſſion of John Penny; which ſaid Premiſſes are ſituate in and near* Keiwick *in the County of* Cumberland. *And at the ſame Time and Place will be lett on Leaſe for Seventeen Years, to commence upon the 12th Day of May,* 1768, *a* Water Corn Mill and Ground, *now in the Poſſeſſion of Ann Smith, Widow, ſituate at* Throckley *in the County of* Northumberland. *Such Perſons as may be willing to take any of the ſaid Eſtates, are deſired to give in their Propoſals in Writing to* Mr. Ibbetſon, *at the Admiralty-Office, London, or to* Meſſ. Walton and Smeaton, *at Farnacres near Newcaſtle upon Tyne.*

Jn°. Ibbetſon.

East-India Houſe, Auguſt 26, 1767.

The Court of Directors of the United Company of Merchants of England Trading to the Eaſt Indies, do hereby Notice,

That a Quarterly General Court of the ſaid Company will be held at their Houſe in Leadenhall Street, on Wedneſday the 23d Day of September next, at Eleven o'Clock in the Forenoon, for the Purpoſe of declaring a Dividend from Midſummer laſt to Chriſtmas next; and on other ſpecial Affairs.

Notice is alſo hereby given, that according to the late Act of Parliament ſuch Dividend cannot be made otherwiſe than in purſuance of a Vote or Reſolution paſſed by way of Ballotting in a General Court of the ſaid Company.

THE joint Creditors who have proved their Debts under a Commiſſion of Bankrupt awarded and iſſued againſt Godhard Hagen and David Wolpman, of London, Merchants and Partners in Trade, are deſired to meet the Aſſignees of the ſaid Bankrupts Eſtate, on Wedneſday the 23d Day of September inſtant, at Eleven o'Clock in the Forenoon preciſely, at the George and Vulture Tavern near Cornhill, London, in order to aſſent to or diſſent from the ſaid Aſſignees commencing, proſecuting, or defending any Suits in Equity; their referring to Arbitration any Diſputes concerning the ſaid Bankrupts Eſtate; and alſo to the ſaid Aſſignees making Compoſition with any Perſon or Perſons, Debtors to or Accountants with the ſaid Bankrupts Eſtate; and on other ſpecial Affairs concerning the joint Eſtate of the ſaid Bankrupts.

THE Creditors who have proved their Debts under a Commiſſion of Bankrupt awarded and iſſued againſt John Smith, of Virginia-Street in the Pariſh of St. George in the Eaſt in the County of Middleſex, Mariner, Dealer and Chapman, are deſired to meet the Aſſignees of the ſaid Bankrupt's Eſtate and Effects, on Friday the 2d Day of October next, at Four o'Clock in the Afternoon, at the Sign of the Bell in Mincing Lane, London, to aſſent to or diſſent from the ſaid Aſſignees commencing, proſecuting, or defending one or more Suit or Suits at Law or in Equity touching the ſaid Bankrupt's Eſtate and Effects; or compounding, ſubmitting to Arbitration, or otherwiſe agreeing, any Matters in Diſpute relating thereto; and alſo to aſſent to or diſſent from the Aſſignees impowering the ſaid Bankrupt, or any other Perſon or Perſons who may be thought proper, to collect, get in, receive, and ſell the Debts, Eſtate and Effects of the ſaid Bankrupt now outſtanding and unreceived, and lying and being in Bermuda, or in any Parts Abroad and beyond the Seas; and on other ſpecial Affairs.